



## Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021-22 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged students.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### School overview

| Detail   | Data                               |
|--|------------------------------------|
| School name  | The King's School                  |
| Number of pupils in school   | 1030                               |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils  | 24.6% (272 students)               |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended) | 2021-2024                          |
| Date this statement was published  | December 2021                      |
| Date on which it will be reviewed  | September 2022                     |
| Statement authorised by  | Dom Pinto,<br>Headteacher          |
| Pupil premium lead   | Thomas Halliday,<br>Assistant Head |
| Governor / Trustee lead  | Richard Amery                      |

## **Funding overview**

| Detail  | Amount   |
|---|----------|
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year   | £206,280 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year  | £32,045  |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)  | £0       |
| <b>Total budget for this academic year</b><br>If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this<br>funding, state the amount available to your school this<br>academic year | £238,325 |





# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

The intention is that all students, irrespective of their background or challenges they face, make outstanding progress and achieve highly across all subject areas. The focus is to support disadvantaged students (DS) to achieve that goal, including those who are already high performers.

We identify student need and base our strategies around this. Our strategies focus on students' needs rather than any labels that might be ascribed to them. We have considered the challenges faced by our vulnerable students, such as those who have carers and a social worker. A tiered approach is at the core to our strategy. By this we not only aim to support disadvantaged students, but all students through a three tiered model:



No single intervention provides a complete solution to the complex educational issues in any school and therefore, we believe that a multi-faceted approach offers the best opportunity for our students to improve. The development of the strategy is cyclical and considered an integral part of the existing school development planning. The four steps below will be used to develop and sustain our strategy over the next three years:







This strategy will address the challenges disadvantaged students face and the evidence based research will drive the implementation. Research has been drawn from a wide range of literature which includes:

- DfE guidance on Pupil Premium
- The Education Endowment Foundation (EEF) Teaching toolkit
- o Addressing the Disadvantaged (Marc Rowland, 2021)
- o EEF national disadvantaged study
- o Localised evidence and collaboration with Pontefract Academies Trust
- National Education Trust practical guide on Pupil Premium

The objective is to narrow the attainment gap between disadvantaged and nondisadvantaged students, nationally and also within internal data. The target is clear: for all disadvantaged students to exceed national expected progress of 0 at the end of key stage 4, to raise engagement and aspirations, and enrich students' experiences during their journey at The King's School.

#### Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged students.

| Challenge<br>number | Detail of challenge   |
|---------------------|---|
| 1                   | Attainment  |
|                     | Data from the last valid results (2019) -0.49 for DS students compared to +0.2 of NDS.  |
|                     | NB - Attainment is the culmination of the strategy, the challenges identified below will act as key levers in achieving this outcome. |
| 2                   | Literacy  |
|                     | In year 7, the reading age of PP students is significantly (10.05) below the average reading age of their NPP peers (11.05).          |
|                     | In year 8, the gap is wider. PP students have a reading age of (10.05) compared to their NPP peers of (12.06).                        |
| 3                   | Attendance  |
|                     | Prior to the pandemic there was green shoots for DS data. Data was 91.7% for NDS with PA being 91.8%.                                 |
|                     | Following the pandemic, this has decreased to 91.3% for NDS compared to NDS (95.4).   |





| 4 | Engagement and Aspirations  |
|---|---|
|   | Historically, disadvantaged students have lower engagement in extra-<br>curricular activities and trips than their non-disadvantaged peers. |
| 5 | Cultural Capital  |
|   | Pre-eminently, disadvantaged students have often experienced a lack of wider experiences than that of non-disadvantaged students.           |

#### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| Intended outcome   | Success criteria   |
|--|--|
| Priority 1<br>Literacy<br>Close the literacy gaps for disadvantaged<br>students at KS3 to allow a seamless<br>transition to KS4.                               | <ul> <li>The gap in KS3 reading outcomes in year 7 and 8 has reduced the reading aged gap from 25 months to 20 months after the first year.</li> <li>All KS3 students identified and prioritised through the literacy strategy support for students not meeting age-related expectation.</li> <li>Directed support for all EAL students unable to access curriculum.</li> </ul>  |
| Priority 2<br>Curriculum<br>Embed the school's curriculum with a<br>focus on improving oral language skills<br>and vocabulary among disadvantaged<br>students. | <ul> <li>Curriculum Focus week/s show a clear engagement in lessons, student voice, work scrutiny and on-going formative assessments:         <ul> <li>Assessments and observations indicate significant improved oral language used amongst disadvantaged students; this is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence through CF week.</li> <li>A whole school curriculum which enables students to fully realise their potential and be happy well-rounded members of society.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |





|   | <ul> <li>A curriculum designed to have<br/>breadth, depth, rigour,<br/>progression, enjoyment,<br/>fellowship and relevance.</li> <li>A whole school curriculum<br/>underpinned by consistent<br/>language and strategies for<br/>developing literacy and meta<br/>cognition.</li> </ul>   |
|---|--|
| Priority 3<br>Learning and Progress<br>Students to achieve positive progress 8<br>figure in line with the School Improvement<br>Plan (0). | <ul> <li>Develop and implement high quality teaching and learning which engages and inspires students to make sure they make strong progress.</li> <li>Robust tracking and monitoring systems to ensure that all students make strong progress and that effective interventions are in place when necessary.</li> <li>External outcomes of KS4 data meeting school improvement targets of 0 for disadvantaged students.</li> </ul> |
| Priority 4<br>Attendance<br>Improved attendance of disadvantaged<br>students above national.  | <ul> <li>Attendance for all students to be 95% for DS.</li> <li>Attendance for those that are disadvantaged to be at least 93%.</li> <li>For PA to be no higher than 11% whole school.</li> <li>For PA to be no higher than 15% for those that are disadvantaged.</li> </ul>   |
| Priority 5<br>Engagement and Aspirations<br>Improve the engagement and aspirations<br>of disadvantaged students across all key<br>stages. | <ul> <li>DS are well signposted in their transition from year 6 through to year 7.</li> <li>All DS receive additional support with an accumulation of 3 hours support with the school's careers advisors.</li> <li>Post-16 and NEET figures improve on from the previous year.</li> <li>Students have raised aspirations and a clearer understanding of Post-16 options.</li> </ul>  |





|  | <ul> <li>0% NEET and evidence to be pro-<br/>vided by the in-school careers ser-<br/>vice.</li> </ul>   |
|--|---|
| Priority 6<br>Cultural Capital<br>Implement a broad range of co-curricular<br>experiences both within and outside the<br>classroom to equip disadvantaged<br>students with the knowledge and skills<br>required to become 'well rounded'<br>individuals. | <ul> <li>Inclusivity in all trips/events<br/>assessed prior to authorisation<br/>through new trips procedure; a<br/>minimum of 30% are DS with an<br/>offer which subsides for subject<br/>trips.</li> <li>Embed a KS3 graduation<br/>programme which allows all PP<br/>students to 'graduate'.</li> <li>Provide a wide range of free co-<br/>curricular enrichment and<br/>leadership opportunities to<br/>support students' confidence and<br/>personal development.</li> <li>Delivery of a high quality SMSC, I-<br/>heart and assemblies throughout<br/>the academic year.</li> </ul> |

#### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

#### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £47,665.00

| Activity   | Evidence that supports this approach   | Challenge<br>number(s)<br>addressed |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Staff CPD:<br>o Quality<br>First<br>Teaching.<br>o LSA<br>Support. | Embedding dialogic teaching across school. This will<br>include professional development, instructional<br>coaching and teacher release time working with external<br>expertise. There will be a sharp focus on supporting<br>early career teachers here, complimenting the ECF. | 1, 2, 3                             |
| <ul> <li>○ CPD Suite<br/>(PAT).</li> </ul>                         | Ensure that classroom provision meets the needs of all learners through the use of the PAT CPD suite.  |                                     |
| <ul> <li>Coaching<br/>clinics.</li> </ul>                          |  |                                     |





|  |   | ,       |
|--|---|---------|
|  | To provide support to class teachers and LSAs in order<br>to support those with SEND and working in the bottom<br>20% of learners with quality first class teaching.  |         |
|  | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/projects-<br>and-evaluation/projects/dialogic-teaching  |         |
|  | https://researchschool.org.uk/stmatthews/news/what-is-<br>dialogic-talk-and-why-does-it-matter  |         |
| Student<br>Identification of<br>reading ages:<br><ul> <li>Accelerated<br/>Reader.</li> <li>Star<br/>Reader<br/>Tests.</li> </ul> | As part of the assessment cycle, Accelerated Reader<br>assessment packages will ensure that progress is<br>measured and intervention is implemented and pitched<br>at the correct stage to ensure sustained progress. AR<br>tests will support teacher assessment and inform pupil<br>progress meetings – informing discussion about the<br>progress and achievement of our disadvantaged<br>students.<br>Additionally, the Fresh Start literacy package will help<br>support students with significantly low reading ages. | 1, 2, 3 |
|  | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/tools/ass<br>essing-and-monitoring-pupil-progress/developing-<br>whole-school-assessment/diagnostic-assessment/   |         |
| Reading<br>comprehension<br>strategies:  | Reading comprehension strategies involve the teaching<br>of explicit approaches and techniques that students can<br>use to improve their comprehension of a written text.   | 1, 2, 3 |
| <ul> <li>One<br/>Wakefield<br/>Literacy<br/>strategy.</li> <li>PAT<br/>literacy</li> </ul>                                       | The Accelerated Reader programme is effective for<br>weaker readers as a catch-up intervention at the start of<br>secondary school. Additionally, this strategy promotes<br>independent reading that is pitched and tracked. This<br>will allow students to find a love for reading.  |         |
| operating<br>model.  | The three-year trend in reading has continued to rise<br>however attainment for PP is -0.49 with literacy a key<br>lever in this process. This programme will support early<br>intervention and support both key stages to continue<br>this upward trajectory in terms of PP progress and<br>attainment.  |         |
|  | Support staff will be trained in the implementation of the Accelerated Reader programme both at a leader level, class teacher and support assistant.  |         |





|   | This will include professional development, instructional coaching and teacher release time working with external expertise. There will be a sharp focus on supporting early career teachers here, complimenting the ECF.   |         |
|---|---|---------|
|   | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/projects-<br>and-evaluation/projects/accelerated-reader   |         |
|   | Accelerated Reader   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)   |         |
|   | Reading comprehension strategies   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)   |         |
| Reading literacy<br>intervention:   | Evidence to support this strategy suggests small group<br>tuition approaches can support students to make<br>effective progress by providing intensive, targeted<br>academic support to those identified as having low prior<br>attainment.   | 1,3     |
| ages.<br><ul> <li>Reading<br/>lessons.</li> <li>Star<br/>Reader.</li> <li>Ruth</li> </ul> | Small group literacy interventions with LSA/Teacher for<br>disadvantaged children not making expected progress<br>in reading, writing and maths across both the KS3 and<br>the KS4 curriculum.  |         |
| Miskin.<br>• Diamond<br>Reading.  | Small group tuition   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)  |         |
| <ul> <li>Non-fiction<br/>focus.</li> </ul>  | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education<br>-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/one-to-one-tuition   |         |
| Oral Language interventions:  | Oral language approaches have a high impact on pupil outcomes of 6 months' additional progress.   | 1, 2, 5 |
| <ul> <li>Talk the Talk.</li> <li>YIP YAP.</li> <li>Modelling.</li> </ul>                  | Through the schools 'talk the talk' and 'Yipy Yap'<br>programmes, there is a specific focus on oral language<br>development. This strategy will support students who<br>are behind their peers in oral language development<br>and the targeted use of approaches may support some<br>disadvantaged students to catch up with their peers<br>during these sessions. |         |
|   | Oral language interventions   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)  |         |





| Metacognition<br>teaching and<br>learning<br>strategies:<br>One<br>Wakefield   | Metacognition and self-regulation approaches to<br>teaching will have a priority focus for all students.<br>There will be a CPD offer to train staff on the theory<br>behind metacognition and the implementation of<br>strategies with a focus of DS.<br>The evidence indicates that explicitly teaching strategies<br>to help plan, monitor and evaluate specific aspects of<br>their learning can be effective. A priority is a focus on<br>students remembering more information for a longer<br>period.<br><u>Metacognition and self-regulation   EEF<br/>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)</u>   | 1, 2, 3 |
|--|--|---------|
| Access to an<br>extensive<br>extracurricular<br>programme<br>including physical<br>activity, arts and<br>social and<br>emotional<br>learning with an<br>emphasis on<br>promoting<br>'Character'. | The term 'Character', means a set of attitudes, skills and behaviours. An extensive co-curricular can help develop self-control, confidence, social skills, motivation and resilience. Character that is thought to underpin success in school and beyond.         There is a focus on increasing engagement and cultural capital of disadvantaged at The King's School.         All children, including those from disadvantaged backgrounds, deserve a well-rounded, culturally rich, education. There is a broad programme of the co-curricular for all students with a particular focus on disadvantaged student participation.         Physical activity   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)         Life skills and enrichment   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) | 3, 5    |





| Social and<br>emotional<br>learning,<br>Wellbeing and<br>Mental Health: | Social and emotional skills are essential for students' development. They support effective learning and are linked to positive outcomes in later life.  | 3, 5 |
|---|--|------|
| <ul> <li>I-heart.</li> <li>Wellbeing school strategy.</li> </ul>        | <ul> <li>Within school, students experience the I-heart curriculum and form time assemblies which allow the explicit teaching of SEL which aims to teach students both DS and NDS the five core competencies:</li> <li>Self-awareness;</li> <li>Self-regulation;</li> <li>Social awareness;</li> </ul> |      |
|   | <ul> <li>Relationship skills; and</li> </ul>   |      |
|   | Responsible decision making.   |      |
|   | The school wellbeing strategy is based on uncovering<br>built-in resilience and wellbeing across our entire school<br>community. It is about the happiness of our staff and our<br>students.   |      |
|   | We recognise that great wellbeing, is often referred to as<br>resilience. This comes from understanding, self-insight<br>and knowledge. The school aims to create a culture for<br>all students through:   |      |
|   | Outstanding teaching and learning.   |      |
|   | Outstanding pastoral care.   |      |
|   | <ul> <li>Development of the individual.</li> </ul>   |      |
|   | Friendship groups.   |      |
|   | https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/support-<br>for-schools/school-improvement-planning/3-wider-<br>strategies   |      |





# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £119,162.62.

| Activity   | Evidence that supports this approach   | Challenge<br>number(s)<br>addressed |  |  |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Focus meeting<br>agenda set<br>around<br>disadvantaged<br>students | Standardised diagnostic assessments will be<br>utilised to identify individual pupil need which is<br>directly linked to the achievement and<br>improvement cycle including teaching and<br>learning and academic intervention.  | 1,2,3,4                             |  |  |
|  | Specific Focus meetings identify students for spe-<br>cific academic interventions. The attendance team<br>will target DS students to improve attendance to<br>school, achieve and co-curricular. DS are priori-<br>tised for careers support in year 11. This starts in<br>KS3. |                                     |  |  |
|  | Teacher and Subject A&I sheets at both key<br>stages with interventions are clearly highlighted.<br>There will be a specific focus and interventions for<br>DS and SEND.   |                                     |  |  |
|  | https://educationendowmentfounda-<br>tion.org.uk/tools/assessing-and-monitoring-pupil-<br>progress/developing-whole-school-assessment/di-<br>agnostic-assessment/  |                                     |  |  |
| One-to-One<br>tutoring:  | Research has found that, on average, one to one<br>tuition is very effective at improving pupil<br>outcomes. This one to one tuition is an effective<br>strategy for providing targeted support for<br>students that are identified as having low prior<br>attainment.           | 1,2,3,4                             |  |  |
|  | Short, regular sessions over short periods show optimum progression in terms of rapid progress.  |                                     |  |  |
|  | One to one tuition   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)  |                                     |  |  |





| When designing the achieve curriculum, disadvantaged students are a priority.  | 1,3   |
|--|---|
| Evidence to support this suggests small group<br>tuition approaches can support students to make<br>effective progress by providing intensive,<br>targeted academic support to those identified as<br>having low prior attainment. |   |
| Specific and targeted intervention sessions, across all subjects, focus on raising attainment of disadvantaged students.   |   |
| Small group tuition   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)   |   |
| Mentoring in education involves partnering a young student with an adult, who acts as a positive role model.   | 1, 2, 3, 4  |
| The aims are to build confidence and relationships, to develop resilience and character and raise aspirations, rather than developing specific academic skills or knowledge.   |   |
| Evidence shows, using this strategy alongside 1:1<br>and group interventions, can help to raise<br>aspirations. In particularly for the disadvantaged.   |   |
| Mentoring   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)   |   |
| By aspirations we mean the things our students hope to achieve for themselves in the future.   |   |
| To meet their aspirations about careers, university<br>and further education we aim to incentivise<br>improved attainment through prioritising events<br>for our disadvantaged students.   |   |
|  |   |
|  | disadvantaged students are a priority.<br>Evidence to support this suggests small group<br>tuition approaches can support students to make<br>effective progress by providing intensive,<br>targeted academic support to those identified as<br>having low prior attainment.<br>Specific and targeted intervention sessions,<br>across all subjects, focus on raising attainment of<br>disadvantaged students.<br><u>Small group tuition   EEF</u><br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)<br>Mentoring in education involves partnering a<br>young student with an adult, who acts as a<br>positive role model.<br>The aims are to build confidence and<br>relationships, to develop resilience and character<br>and raise aspirations, rather than developing<br>specific academic skills or knowledge.<br>Evidence shows, using this strategy alongside 1:1<br>and group interventions, can help to raise<br>aspirations. In particularly for the disadvantaged.<br><u>Mentoring   EEF</u><br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)<br>By aspirations we mean the things our students<br>hope to achieve for themselves in the future.<br>To meet their aspirations about careers, university<br>and further education we aim to incentivise<br>improved attainment through prioritising events |





| The aim is for our students to work alongside the school's career advisor closely with post 16 providers in the community. This includes, open days, transition events and careers talks which is an extended version of what is offered through the curriculum and form times. |  |
|---|--|
| Aspiration interventions   EEF<br>(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)   |  |

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £71,497.38.

| Activity   | Evidence that supports this approach  | Challenge<br>number(s)<br>addressed |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| <ul> <li>Pastoral Care:</li> <li>EWO<br/>Appointment.</li> <li>Breakfast<br/>club.</li> <li>Homework<br/>club.</li> <li>Attendance<br/>incentives.</li> <li>Transport hot<br/>spot.</li> <li>Parental<br/>Engagement.</li> <li>Shine.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The aims of the pastoral strand of the strategy is to address the challenges identified as; behavioural, self-confidence, parental engagement and support.</li> <li>The EEF Pupil Premium Guide recommends that <i>"Wider strategies relate to the most significant non-academic barriers to success in school, including attendance."</i></li> <li>An appointment of a EWO with a purpose to intervene with key disadvantaged students and their families who are 'persistently absent'.</li> <li>Breakfast clubs and homework clubs can help support DS in terms of nutrition, learning environment and resourcing.</li> </ul> | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5                       |  |
| o Sparks.  | Termly attendance rewards to be offered with a<br>'reasonable adjustments' being made for<br>disadvantaged students.<br>A commissioned bus route that targets clusters if PA<br>students in 'hard to reach' pockets of the catchment.<br>These are derived from postcode analysis of PA<br>students in academic year 2020-21.   |                                     |  |







Total budgeted cost: £ £238,325.00





## Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

#### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on students in the 2020-21 academic year.

In terms of evaluating last year's strategy, we cannot evaluate what did not happen. Rather, it is important for us to be realistic about what we achieved during a challenging time on a number of levels.

Data over the last 3 years is not entirely comparable due to Covid-19 meaning a reduction in course content, delivery and assessment in some areas have not allowed for external examinations to take place. However, internal trends show an increase in internal outcomes across all students and in particular, an increase in outcomes for DS students. However, there is a still a gap of -0.35 between PP and non PP.

| Year                     | Overall P8 | PP P8 | Non PP P8 | Gap   |
|--------------------------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 2018                     | +0.21      | -0.08 | +0.31     | -0.39 |
| 2019                     | +0.12      | -0.49 | +0.31     | -0.8  |
| 2020 (CAGS)              | +0.81      | +0.16 | +1.01     | -0.85 |
| 2021 (Last Data<br>Drop) | +0.56      | +0.27 | +0.63     | -0.35 |

#### Key Stage 4

Themes throughout this report will be clear across the multi-faceted, cyclical approach. The four steps will underpin the approach and will be used to develop and sustain our strategy over the next three years.





### **Further information (optional)**

The King's School serves the community of Pontefract that is part of The Pontefract Academies Trust. The population of the town is 30,881. Contextually, Pontefract is one of the '5 towns' in the city of Wakefield. Linked to this context is a high rate of criminal activity, unemployment and safeguarding concerns such as domestic violence and drug abuse. Detailed in the index of multiple deprivation date, 2019.



Our approach to supporting our disadvantaged pupils is a whole school approach. The map above indicates the level of deprivation as a community. The arrow represents the position of The King's School.

Over the next three years, we will evaluate measures through short term, medium term and long term goals. It is vital, for the strategy to work, that we continually revisit goals, to tweak, adjust and evaluate them. We will consistently use milestones to 'check in' on progress.